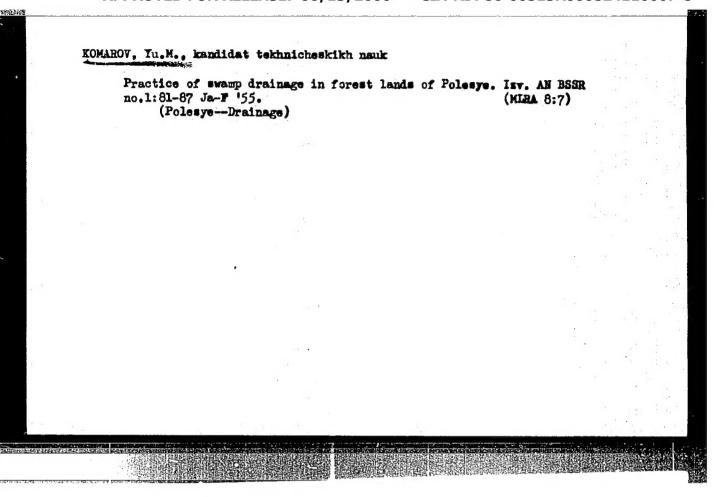


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KORCHUNOV, Nikolay Grigor'yevich, prof.; KONABOV, Yuriy Mikheylovich, dots., kand. tekhn. nauk; KOCHEGAROV, Vasiliy Grigor'yevich, dots., kand. tekhn. nauk; OSIPOV, Petr Yegorbvich, dots., kand. tekhn. nauk; ROOS, L.V., dots., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; RAKHMANOV, S.I., dots., kand. tekhn. nauk, retsenzent; TAGIL'TSEV, N.D., st. prepod., retsenzent; NESTERENKO, V.G., dots., retsenzent; PARFENOV, G.M., dots., retsenzent; PLESKO, Ye.P., red. isd-wa; IL'IN, B.A., red.; SHIBKOVA, R.Ie., tekhn. red.

[Technology of lumbering and lumber transportation] Tekhnologiia lesozagotovok i transport lesa. [By]N.G.Korchunov i dr. Moskva, Goslesbumizdat, 1962. 501 p. (MIRA 16:3) (Lumbering) (Lumber—Transportation)



TIKHONOV, A.F., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; APANOVICH, A.M.; MARTYHOVSKIY, Ye.I.; KOMAROV, Yu.M.; TRUKHANOVA,A., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Progressive lumbering methods] Peredovye metody truda na lesosagotovkakh. Pod obshchei red. A.F.Tikhonova. Minsk, Gos. izd-vo
BSSR, 1956. 111 p.

(Lumbering)

ECMAROV. Yu.M., dots., kand. tekhn. nauk

Experimental method of calculating optimal dimensions of saw teeth. Shor. nauch. trnd. BLTI no. 10:344-348 \$57. (MIRA 11:12)

(Saws)

FAYNGLUZ, Platon Petrovich; VLASOV, Mikhail Andrianovich; KOMAROV,
Yu.N., red.; SIDOROVA, T.S., red.; MARKOVHC, K.G., tekhn. red.

[Establishment of work norms in the communications industry]
Tekhnicheskoe normirovanie truda v khoziaistve sviazi. 4 izd.
Moskva, Sviaz'izdat, 1962. 229 p. (MIRA 15:10)
(Telecommunication—Production standards)

(Fostal service—Production standards)

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824110007-8

L 09201-67 ACC NR. A17002770 SOURCE CODE: UR/0187/66/000/008/0071/0073

KOMAROV, Yu. N., Moscow Television Center (Moskovskiy televizionnyy tsentr)

"Electronic Curtain Generator Using Diodes"

Moscow, Tekhnika Kino i Televideniya, No 8, Aug. 66, pp 71-73 TOPIC TAGS: signal generator, TV equipment Abstract: A description is presented of a diode-based signal generator which produced on a television screen an image reminiscent of a theater curtain illuminated by a spotlight. The circuit consists of three oscillators, tuned to the eleventh, twentieth and thirty-second harmonics of a base frequency, plus an adding device. The impression of the spot light is given by superimposing the saw-tooth voltage used to indicate beginning of a new frame onto the signa. . If the saw tooth is positive, the light will seem to strike the top of the curtain; if the saw tooth is negative, the light will seem to come from below, like footlights. Orig. art. has: 4 figures. [JPRS: 38,202]

SUB CODE: 17, 09 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF:

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06713/2000 14 CTA-RDP86-00513R000824110007-8

[Improving the postal communication system] Sovershenstvovanie pochtovoi sviazi; sbornik statei. Moskva, Sviaz'izdat, 1962. 78 p. (MIRA 16:8)

(Postal service)

ARKHIPOV, B.A.; KOMAROV, Yu.S.; TITKO, B.S.; CHERNUKHA, V.Kh.;

BALMASOV, Ye.Ya., kand. tekhn. nauk, nauchn. red.;

ALYAKRINSKIY, A.K., ingh., nauchn. red.; POSTNOVA, I.D.,

red.; PETRENKO, V.M., tekhn. red.

[Wood processing at the Bratsk Woodworking Combine] Podgotovka drevesiny na Bratskom lesopromyshelnnom komplekse. Moskva, TSentral'nyi nauchno-issl. in-t informatsii i tekhniko-derevoobrabatyvaiushchei promyshl. i lesnomu khos., (MIRA 16:11) 1963. 22 p. (Bratsk--Woodworking industries)

VASIL'YEV, Boris Aleksandrovich; KOMAROV, Yuriy Semanovich; PAVLOV,
Boris Ivanovich; GUSARCHUK, J.M., red.; PITERMAN, Ie.L.,
red.izd-va; KARLOVA, G.L., tekhn.red.

[Automation of production processes in the lumbering
industry] Avtomatizatsiia proizvodstvennykh protsessov v
lesnoi promyshlennosti. Moskva, Goslesbumiadat, 1963. 184 p.

(MIRA 16:10)

(Lumbering—Machinery) (Automatic control)

KOMAROV, Yu.V.; KISELEV, A.I.

Age of the Borgoyskiy formation in western Transbaikalia. Dokl. AN SSSR 152 no.3:693-694 S '63. (MIRA 16:12)

l. Vostochno-Sibirskiy geologicheskiy institut Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom A. Yanshinym.

KHREMOV, P.M.; KOMAROV, Yu.V.; BUKHAROV, A.A.; CORDIYENKO, I.V.; KISELEV, A.I.; LOBANOV, M.P.

Volceno-plutonic belts in the south of Eastern Siberia. Dokl. AN (MIRA 18:2)

1. Institut zemnoy kory Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR. Submitted July 23, 1964.

BELICHENKO, Valentina Georgiyevna; KOMAROV, Yuriy Vasil'yevich; MUSIN, Yuriy Vasil'yevich; MHRENOV, Petr Mikhaylovich; CHERNOV, Yuriy Alekseyevich; FLORENSOV, N.A., otv.red.; SOLODOV, N.A., red.izd-va; NOVICHKOVA, N.D., tekhn.red.

[Outline of the geology and petrography of the southern margin of the Vitim Plateau (northwestern Transbaikalia)] Geologopetrograficheskii ocherk iuzhnoi okrainy Vitimskogo pluskogor'ia (Severo-Zapadnoe Zabaikal'e). Moskva, Izd-vo Akad.nauk SSSR. 1962. 166 p. (Akademiia nauk SSSR. Sibirskoe otdelenie. Vostochno-Sibirskii geologicheskii institut. Trudy, no.8).

(Vitim Plateau-Geology)

KOMAROV, Yu.V.; KHRENOV, P.M.

Type of development of continental Mesozoic structures in Rastern Asia. Dokl. AN SSSR 151 no.4:911-914 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Vostochno-Sibirskiy geologicheskiy institut Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom A.L.Yanshinym. (Far East-Geology, Structural)

KOMAROV, Yu. V., Cand Geol-Min Sci -- (diss) "Mesozoic magmatism and polymetallic mineralization of the basin in the area between the Uda and the Udino-Vitimskiy Rivers." Irkutsk, 1959. 22 pp; (Ministry of Higher and Secondary Specialist Education RSFSR, Irkutsk Mining-Metallurgical Inst); 150 copies; price not given; (KL, 17-60, 144)

# Flan of the lower Mesozoic ragnatic activity in the western part of the Transbaikalian mobile belt. Geol. i geofiz. no.ll:3-12 '60. 1. Vostochno-Sibirskiy geologicheskiy institut Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR. Irkutsk. (Transbaikalia---Geology, Structural)

KOMAROV, Yu. V.

Komarov, Yu. VARDIMIROVICH

"Material on the variability of form and the location and relative position of the pancreas and surrounding organs (anatomical-top-ographic investigation)." Saratov State Medical Inst. Saratov, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Science.)

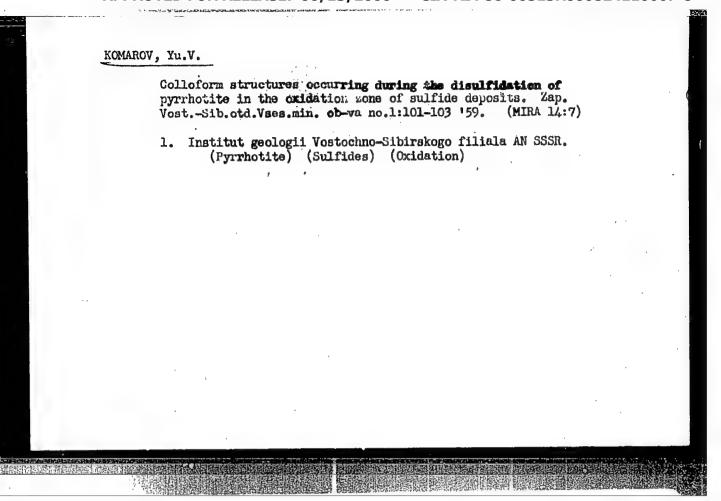
Knizhnaya letopis' No. 15, 1956. Moscow.

### KOMAROV, Yu.V.

Formation of the indicator U-shaped texture in the exidation zone of the Khudak complex metallic deposit. Zap.Vost.-Sib. otd.Vses.min. ob-va no.1:65-73 '59. (MIRA 14:7)

12、以后不少是我们还是我们就就是我们的,我们就是我们们的,我们就是我们就是不是不是不是不要的,也不是是可以不是不是不会的。

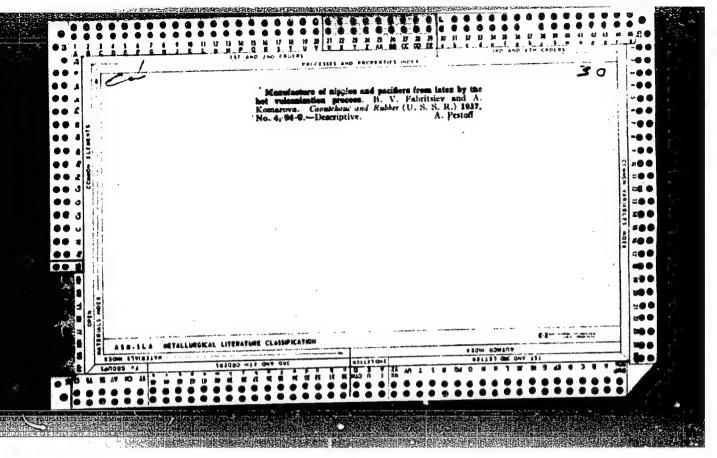
1. Institut geologii Vostochno-Sibirskogo filiala AN SSSR. (Baikal Lake region-Mineralogy, Determinative)

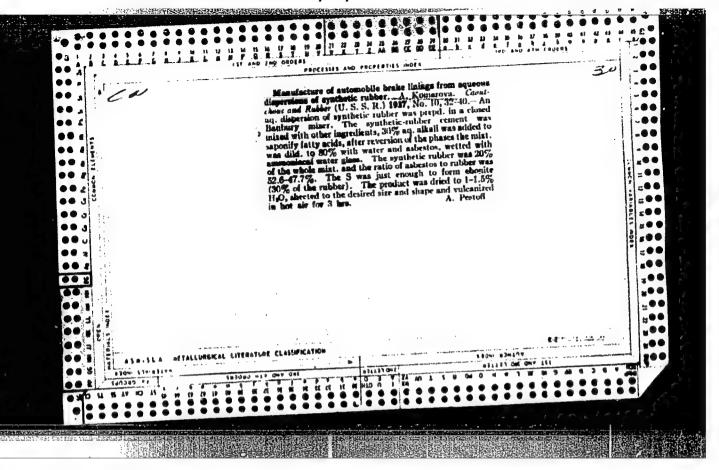


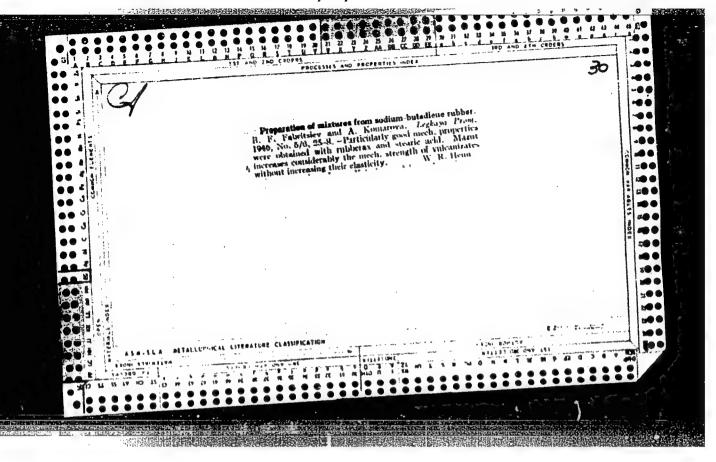
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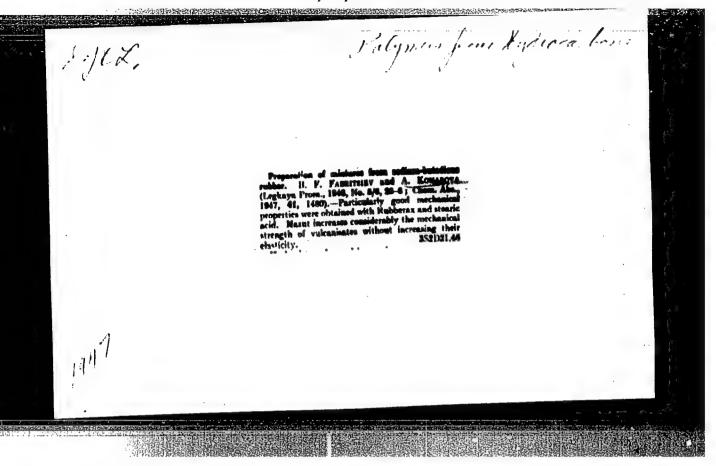
Whey Separators
Attachment for drawing off whey. Mol.prom. 13 No. 9, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1952. Unclassified.









YEFIMOV, N.A.; VASIL'YEV, A.S.; YUSHKO, Ya.K.; KOMAROVA, A.A.; KUBLANOVA, P.S.;
ZHIGULINA, L.A.; YUSHKEVICH, L.B.; BULYCHEV, G.V.

Effect of wastes of a metallurgical plant on the health of the population. Uch.zap. Mosk. nauch.-issl.inst. san. i gig. no.9:73-76 '61 (MIRA 16:11)

KOMAROVA

ASSOVSKIY, G.N.; KOMAROVA, A.A.

Experimental study of the diameter in connection with on the well yield. Razved. i okh. nedr 23 no.7:47-53 J1 57. (MIRA 10:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel\*skiy institut gidrogeolgii i inzhenernoy geologii.

(Wells)

KOMAROVA, A.M.

SOBOLAVSKATA, Ye.F.; KUMAROVA, A.A.

Use of hexachlorocyclohexans for hop pests living in the soil.

Trudy VNIIPP no.5: 110-121 '55. (MLRA 9:1)

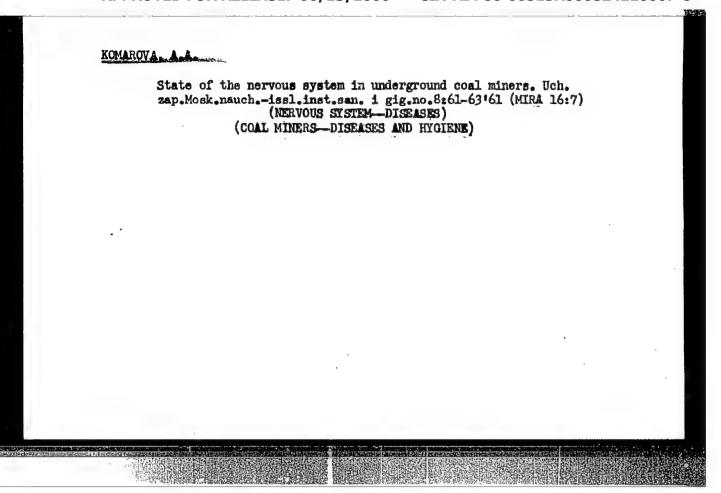
(Bensene hexachoride) (Hope--Diseases and pests)

BAYKOV, B.K.; MELKHINA, V.P.; Prinimali uchastiye: VASIL'YEV, A.S.;

KATSENELENBAUM, M.S.; KOMAROVA, A.A.; ZHIGULINA, L.A.; TERNOVSKAYA,

L.N.; YUSHKO, Ya.K.; CHUMAK, K.I.; GUSEL'NIKOVA, E.L.; KETOVA, O.N.

Hygienic characteristics of air pollution in Gubakha and its effect on health of the population. Uch. zap. Mosk. nauch.-issl. inst. san. i gig. no.6:21-25 '60. (\*\*IRA 14:11) (NIZHNYAYA GUBAKHA—AIR—POLLUTION)



VLADIMIRSKIY, V.I.; KOMAROVA, A.A.; BAROYANTS, S.G., rec.izd-va; IVANOVA, A.G., tekhn. red.

[Hydrogeological principles for the prevention of the contamination of underground waters on sewage irrigated fields] Gidrogeologicheskie osnovy okhrany podzemnykh vod na zemledel'cheskikh poliakh orosheniia. Moskva, Gosgeoltekhizdat, 1963. 137 p. (MIRA 17:1) (Sewage irrigation) (Water, Underground)

AL'TMAN, R.S. [deceased]; KOMAROVA, A.F.; KOCHMAREVA, L.I.; AL'SHEVSKAYA, Z.T.; MATITSINA, Ye.L.

Sanitary and epidemiological characteristics of dysentery in the city of Khabarovsk. Trudy Khab.med.inst. no.20:3-8 60.

(MIRA 15:10)

1. Iz kafedry gigiyeny Khabarovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (zav. A.F.Komarova).

(KHABAROVSK-DYSENTERY)

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MEDVEDEV, V.A.; YUNGMAN, V.S.; VOROB!YEV, A.F.; GURVICH, L.V.;

BERGMAN, G.A.; REZNITSKIY, L.A.; KOLESOV, V.P.;

GAL'CHENKO, G.L.; KHODEYEV, Yu.S.; KHACHKURUZOV, G.A.;

SOKOLOV, V.B.; GOROKHOV, L.N.; MONAYENKOVA, A.S.;

KOMAROVA, A.F.; VEYTS, I.V.; YURKOV, G.N.; MALENKOV, G.G.;

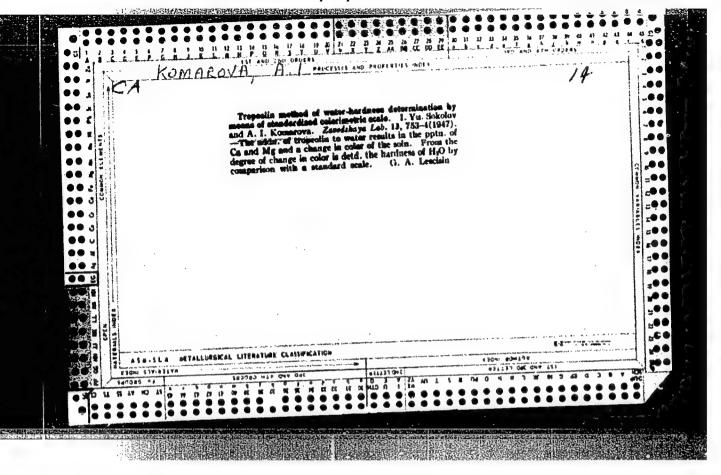
SMIRNOVA, N.L.; GLUSHKO, V.P., akademik, otv. red.;

MIKHAYLOV, V.V., red.; KARAPET'YANTS, M.Kh., red.

[Thermal constants of substances; reference book in ten numbers] Termicheskie konstanty veshchestva; spravochnik v desiati vypuskakh. Moskva, No.1. 1965. 144 p.

(MIRA 18:7)

1. Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy institut nauchnoy i tekhnicheskoy



SOKOLOV, I.Yu.; AYDIN'YAN, N.Kh.; BELEKHOVA, V.N.; BRODSKIY, A.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; GLEBOVICH, T.A.; DALMATOVA, T.V.; KOMAROVA, A.I.; KOMAROVA, Z.V.; KOPYLOVA, M.M.; KUDRYAVTSEVA, M.M.; LIBINA, R.I.; LOGINOVA, L.G.; MARGOLIN, L.S.; MARKOVA, A.I.; MEDVEDEV, Yu.L.; MILLER, A.D.; MULIKOVSKAYA, Ye.P.; NECHAYEVA, A.A.; OZEROVA, N.V.; PALKINA, I.M.; PETROPAVLOVSKAYA, L.A.; POPOVA, T.P.; REZNIKOV, A.A.; SERGEYEV, Ye.A.; SETKINA, O.N.; STEPANOV, P.A.; SUVOROVA, Ye.G. [deceased]; SHERGINA, Yu.P.; PANOVA, A.I., red.izd-va; IVANOVA, A.G., tekhm.red.

[Methodological handbook on the determination of microcomponents in natural waters during prospecting for ore deposits] Metodicheskoe rukovodstvo po opredeleniiu mikrokomponentov v prirodnykh vodakh pri poiskakh rudnykh mestorozhdenii. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry po geol. i okhrane nedr, 1961. 287 p.

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gidrogeologii i inzhenernoy geologii (for Sokolov, Brodskiy, Glebovich, Ozerova, Kudryavtseva, Loginova, Markova, Medvedev, Belekhova, Palkina, (Continued on next card)

SOKOLOV, I.Yu.—(continued) Card 2.

Popova, Petropavlovaksya). 2. Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrogrefii, mineralegii i geokhimii AN SSSR (for Aydin'yan). 3. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metodiki i tekhniki razvedki (for Miller, Sergeyev, Margolin).

4. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy geologicheskiy institut (for Mulikovskeya, Reznikov). 5. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut mineral'nogo syr'ya (for Komarova, A.).

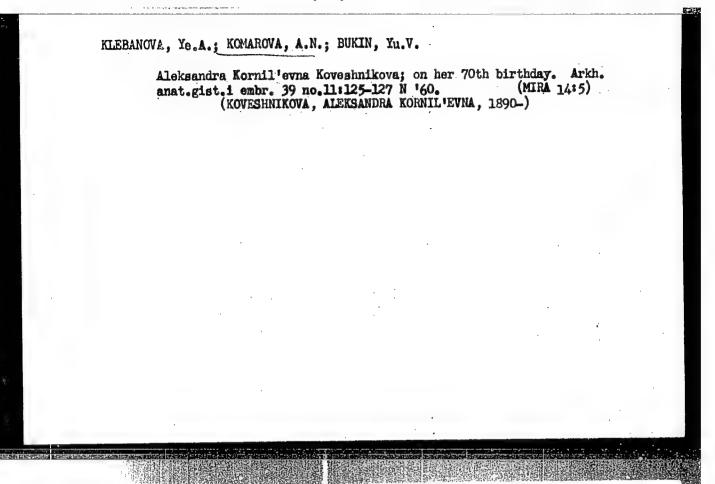
(Prospecting—Geophysical methods)

(Water, Underground—Analysis)

GURICH, N.A.; FILATOV, V.I.; KOMAROVA, A.N.

Vapor densities of some intermediate products of the wood resin and turpentine industry. Gidrolis.i lesokhim.prom. 13 no.5: 15-17 '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy lesokhimicheskiy institut.
(Gums and resins) (Turpentine) (Vapor density)



SUZDAL SKIY, O.V.; KOMAROVA, A.Ye.

Authigenetic minerals of marine Post-Paleogene sediments in the lawer Tenisey Valley. Uch. sap. NIIGA. Reg. geol. no.4:167-178 \*64. (NIRA 18:12)

OSTROVSKIY, Yu.M.; LUKASHIK, N.K.; RAZUMOVICH, A.N.; BALAKLEYEVSKIY, A.I.;

DOSTA, G.A.; TREBUKHINA, R.V.; LARIN, R.S.; KARPUT, S.N.;

KOMAROVA, B.P.; NEPOCHELOVICH, N.S.; DVORYANINOVICH, L.N.;

MOYSEYENOK, A.G.; MANDRIK, K.A.; GALITSKIY, E.A.; MA TYSIK, M.S.;

PODOBED, V.G.; MAKARINA-KIBAK, L.Ya.

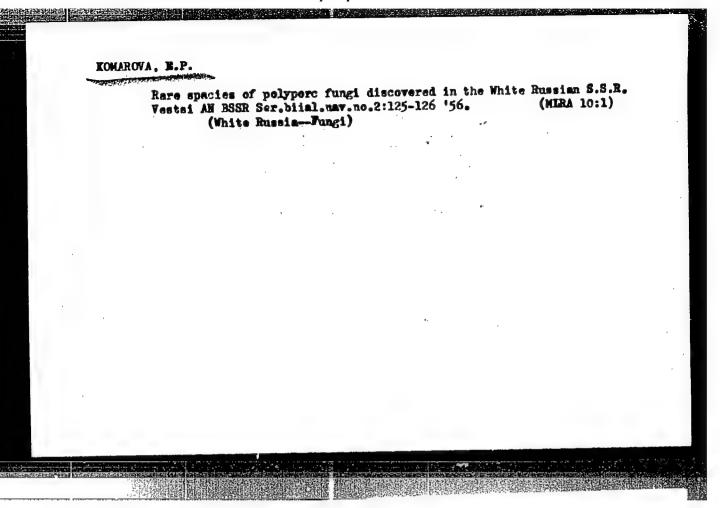
Differentiation of specific and nonspecific metabolic shifts in an acute avitamines is B<sub>1</sub> caused by oxythiamine. Vop.pit. 24 no.4:41-48 J1-Ag \*65. (MIRA 18:12)

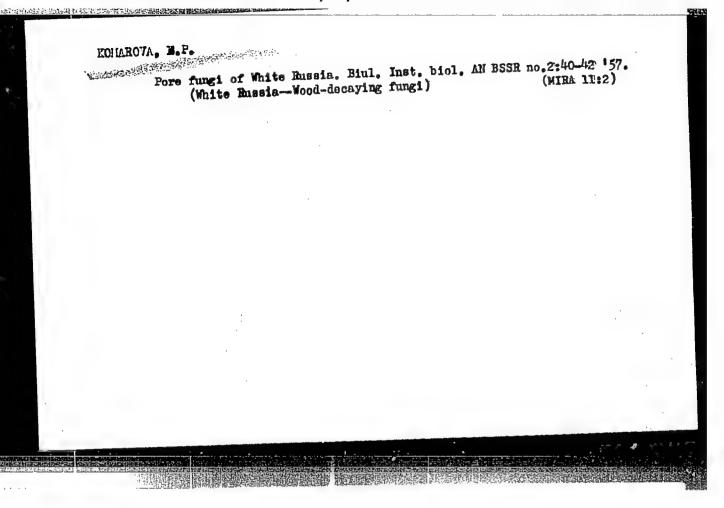
1. Kafedra biokhimii (zav. - dotsent Yu.M.Ostrovskiy) meditsinskogo instituta, Grodno. Submitted July 23, 1964.

KOMAROVA, E. P.

KOMAROVA, E. P.: "Pore fungi of the principal forest plants of the Belorussian SSR". Minsk, 1955. Belorussian State U imeni V. I. Lenin. Inst of Biology, Acad Sci Belorussian SSR. (Dissertations for the Degree of Candidate of Biological Science)

SO: Knizhnaya letopis, No. 52, 2h December, 1955. Moscow.

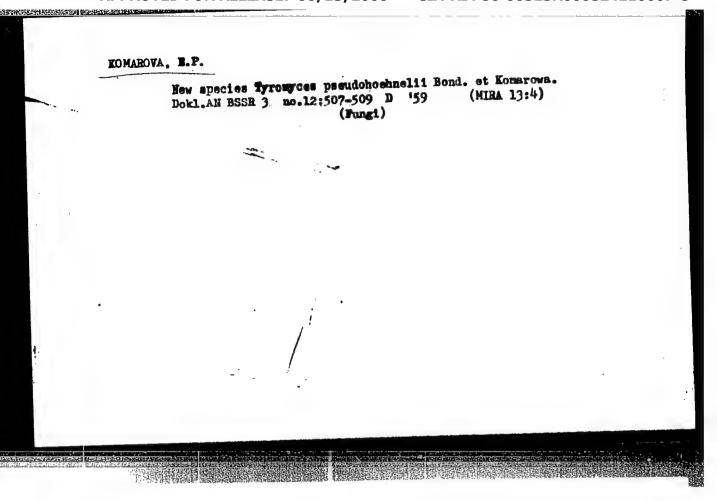


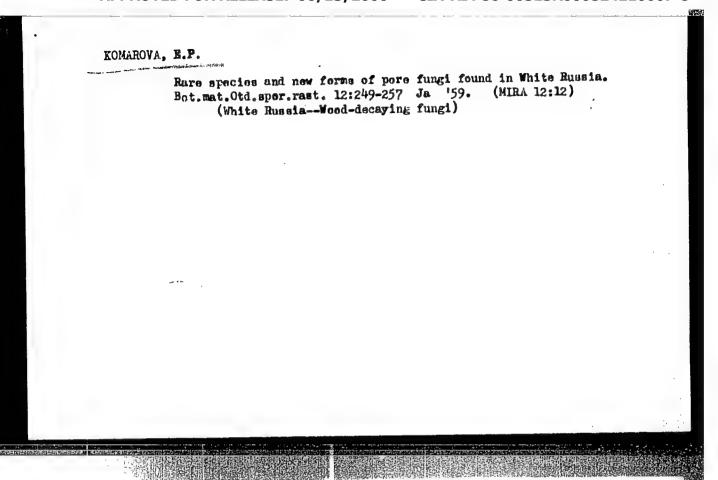


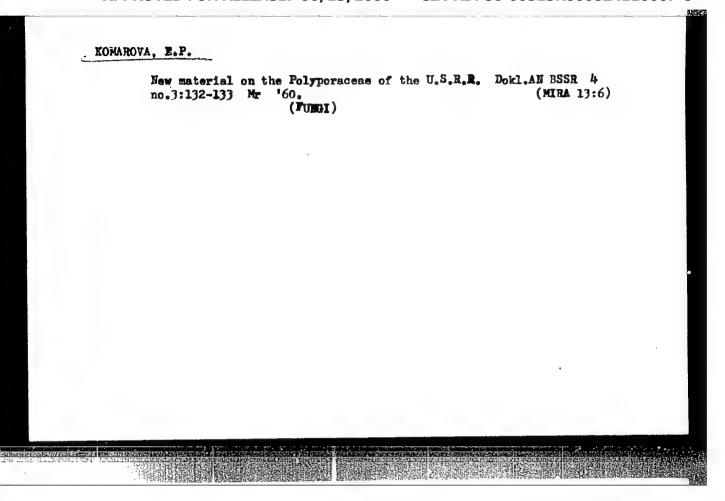
KOMAROVA, R.P.

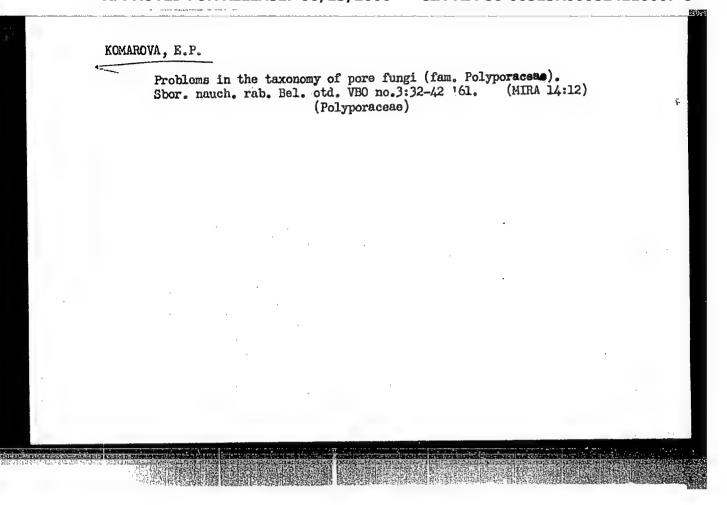
Glassification of the fungus family Polyporaceae. Dokl.
AN BESR 3 no.11:463-467 W 159. (HIRA 13:4)

1. Predstavleno akademikom AN BSSR V.F.Kuprevichem. (Fungi--Classification)









KCMAROVA, Emma Petrovna; KUPREVICH, V.F., doktor biol. nauk

[Guide to pore fungi of White Russia] Opredelitel' trutovykh gribov Belorussii. Minsk, Izd-vo "Nauka i tekhnika," 1964. 342 p. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Kuprevich).

KOMAROVA, E.P. [Kamarova, E.P.]; COLOVKO, A.I. [Halauko, A.I.]

Hydnaceae of White Russia. Vestsi AN BSSR. Ser. biial. nav.
no.3:115-123 '65. (MIRA 18:11)

ZHUKOV, Ye.I.; KOMAROVA, G.A.

Studying muscle contractions from the point of view of the unity of general and specific aspects in the physiological seaction of tissues to excitation. Uch.sap.Len.un. no.1641262-285 '54.

(NUSCLE)

(NUSCLE)

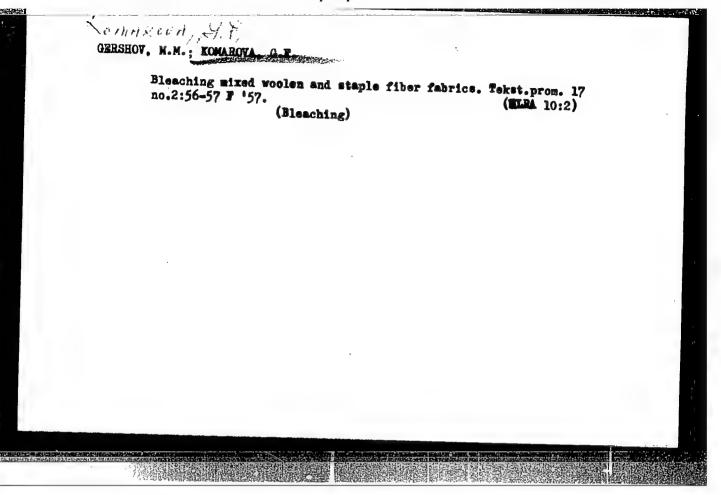
KOMAROVA, G. A. (Kiyev)

Exercise therapy in the compound treatment of the paralytic forms of policyelitis. Vrach. delo no.3:105-108 Mr :62.

(MIRA 15:7)

1. Institut infektsionnykh bolezney AMN SSSR.

(EXERCISE THERAPY) (POLIOMYELITIS)



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MEDOVSKIY, I.G.; KONAROVA, G.M.

Possible nature of local gravity minima over oil and gas pools. Geol.nefti i gasa 3 no.11:50-52 W '59.

(HIMA 13:3)

1. Vsesoyusnyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut geofizicheskikh metodov razvedki.

(Oil fields) (Gravity)

AUTHORS:

Nikurashina, N. I., Mertslin, R. V.,

SOV/79-29-2-1/71

Komarova, G. M.

TITLE:

Investigation of the Equilibrium of Two Liquid Phaces in the System n.-Hexanc-Nitrobenzene-Aniline (Issledovaniye ravnovesiya dvukh zhidkikh faz v sisteme n.-geksan-nitrobenzel-anilin)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 2,

pp 345 - 350 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The problems of practical importance concerning the extraction of the tances from solutions, the decomposition by layers of the solution of two mutually soluble liquids by salting out, the drying of solutions, etc. are connected with the problem of distributing the third substance among mutually insoluble or weakly soluble liquids. Hernst's distribution law does not contemplate the possibility of a variation in the reciprocal ratio of the components with the simultaneous variation of the third component content in the mixtures. In so far as the problem concerning the distribution of the third component among two phases being in equilibrium considers the equilibrium of two liquid phases of systems consisting of

Card 1/3

three components, the relationship occurring in this connection

Investigation of the Equilibrium of Two Liquid Phases in the System n.-Hexane-Nitrobenzene-Aniline

SOV/79-29-2-1/71

help to approach the solution of the problem. Mertslin, R. V. (Ref 3) determined certain rules governing the distribution of nodes (lines linking the compositions of the conjugated solutions in the diagram triangle) in the range of the twophase liquid equilibrium in the system consisting of three components. He showed that the character of the binodal curve and the distribution of the above-mentioned nodes within the recomposition by layers are interrelated. The purpose of the present paper was the experimental confirmation of the rules governing the distribution of the above-mentioned nodes in the system n.-hexane-aniline-nitrobenzene. The system was investigated with respect to solubility at 10 and 20°. It is shown that the critical point follows the system hexane- aniline - nitrobenzene. Based on Mertslin's method and further investigations a system of nodes was plotted within the decomposition by layers and the rule laid down by him was thus confirmed. There are 9 figures, 4 tables and 4 Soviet references.

Card 2/3

Investigation of the Equilibrium of Two Liquid Phases SGV/79-29-2-1/71 in the System n.-Hexano-Nitrobonzono-Aniline

ASSOCIATION: Saratovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Saratov State Uni-

versity)

SUBMITTED: July 15, 1957

Card 3/3

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R000824110007-8 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

AUTHORS:

SOV/79-29-2-2/71 Nikurashina, N. I., Komarova, G. M.,

Mertslin, R. V.

TITLE:

Investigation of the Equilibrium of Three Liquid Phases in the Four-component System Water-n.-Hexane-Aniline-Nitrobenzene (Issledovaniye ravnovesiya trekh zhidkikh faz v chetyrekhkomponentnoy sisteme voda-n.-geksan-anilin-nitrobenzol)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 2, pp 350-357 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

On investigating the equilibrium of two liquid phases in the system hexane-aniline-nitrobenzene the authors had shown the regularity in the distribution of the nodes, determined by the interaction of the components in the predominant double system (Ref 1). The present paper is the further development of the "predominance theory", which is considered in a complicated case, i.e. the case of the four-component system water-n.hexane-aniline-nitrobenzene. As is shown by the investigations illustrated in the figures, ternary and binary systems may be predominant in systems of such a type. In dependence on this circumstance the content formation of the three liquid phases, as well as its development may vary. The purpose of the present paper was the experimental confirmation of the rule governing

Card 1/2

Investigation of the Equilibrium of Three Liquid SOV/79-29-2-2/71 Phases in the Four-component System Water-n.-Hexane-Aniline-Nitrobenzene

> the directional arrangement of the nodal diagram triangles of the three liquid phases in the system water-no-hexane-anilinenitrobenzene, as is done in detail in the experimental part. All horizontal sections offer the same picture concerning the range of the three existing liquid phases. The nodal triangles are in the same direction, parallel to the right of the secant, which is drawn to the nitrobenzene-aniline. It was shown that the sectional method can be used to investigate the equilibrium of the three liquid phases in four-component systems. The rule concerning the directional arrangement of nodes was found to be valid also in the case of four-component systems. There are 11 figures, 4 tables, and 3 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION:

Saratovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet (Saratov State Uni-

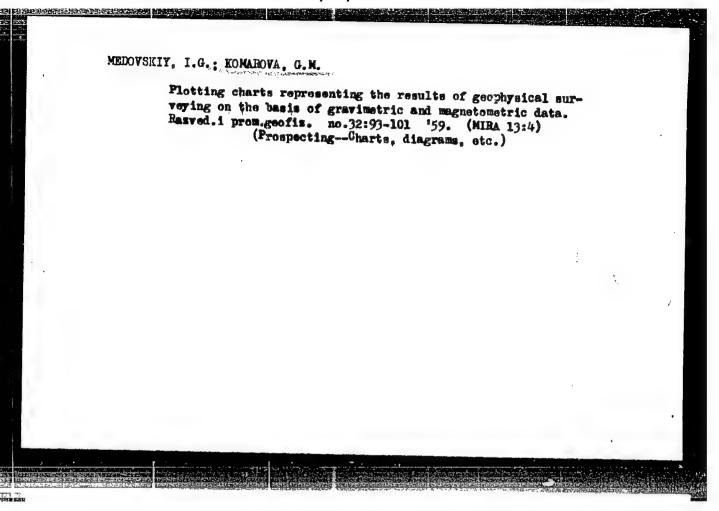
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SUBMITTED:

July 15, 1957

Card 2/2



ACC NR: AP7003139

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0080/66/039/012/2662/2669

AUTHOR: Sazonova, M. V.; Komarova, G. N.

ORG: Institute of Silicate Chemistry im. I. V. Grebenshchikov (Institut khimii silikatov)

TITLE: Boron carbide protection from oxidation and from reaction with various materials at a contact interface in air at 1200C

SOURCE: Zhurnal prikladnoy khimii, v. 39, no. 12, 1966, 2662-2669

TOPIC TAGS: ceramic coating, protective coating, high temperature coating, boron carbide, refractory compound, high temperature oxidation, thermal stability

ABSTRACT:

Silicate, glass-carbide, glass-silicide, and complex protective coatings on boron carbide have been tested comparatively with unprotected boron carbide in a search for a durable coating which would protect boron carbide at 1200C from air oxidation and reaction with various ceramic materials and EI-435 [U.S. Nimonic 75] and EI-437 [U.S. Nimonic 80] alloys. Three layers of the coating studied were deposited on boron carbide specimens by the standard method of glaze technology. As a result of testing, the most thermally stable was found to be the B12 complex coating which contained in wt.Z: 75 MoSi<sub>2</sub>, 10 CrB<sub>2</sub>, 5 Si, and 10 virreous binder. The latter was composed of 80 SiO<sub>2</sub>, 2.5 Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and

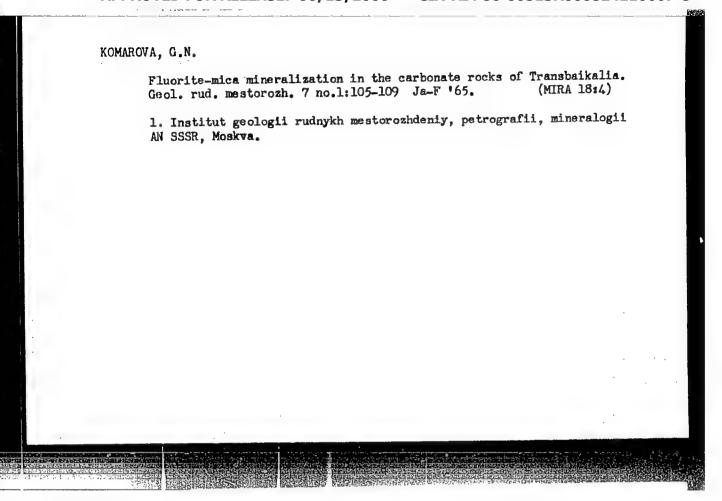
Card 1/2

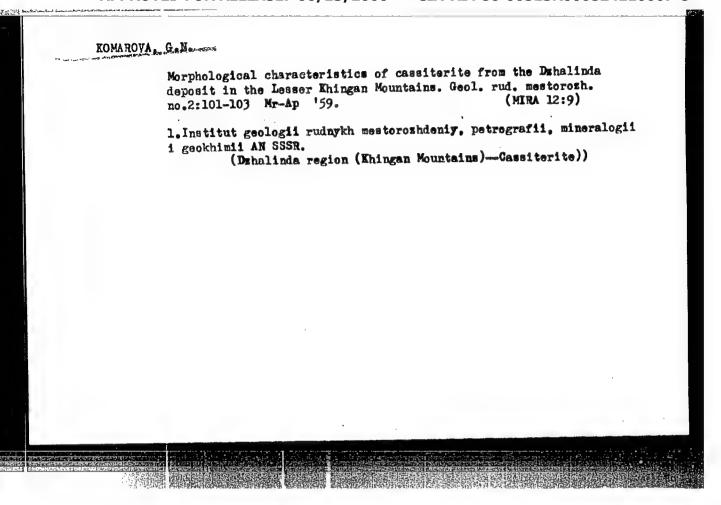
WDC: 546.27 261:620.197

# ACC NRI APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824110007-8

17.5  $B_2O_3$ . The Bl2 coating 0.4—0.6 mm thick deposited under given conditions protected boron carbide at 1200C for more than 300 hr against air oxidation and reaction with quartz, a corundum variety, beryllium oxide, EI-435, and EI-437 alloys. The coating strongly adhered to boron carbide and withstood 40 thermal cycles in the  $20 \Rightarrow 1200 \Rightarrow 20C$  sequence. Coefficient of thermal expansion of the Bl2 coating was 10% higher than that of boron carbide. Micrographs and x-ray diffraction patterns showed that complex physicochemical processes take place during deposition of the Bl2 coating, which should be studied separately. Orig. art. has: 3 tables, and 4 figures.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 28Aug62/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 007/ ATD PRESS: 5112



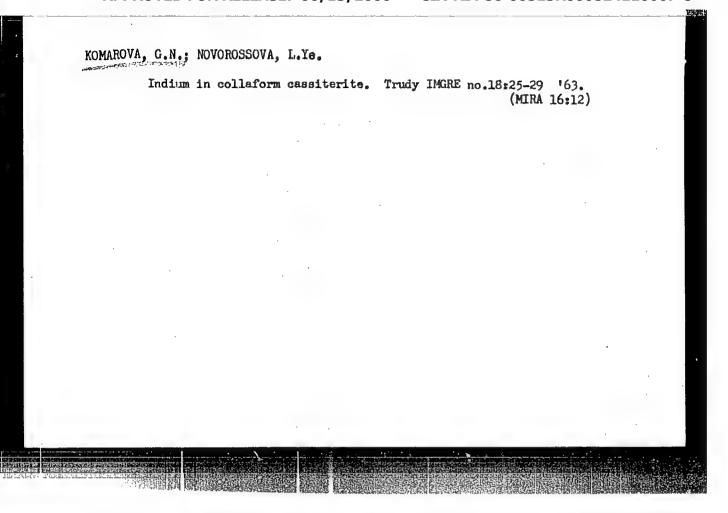


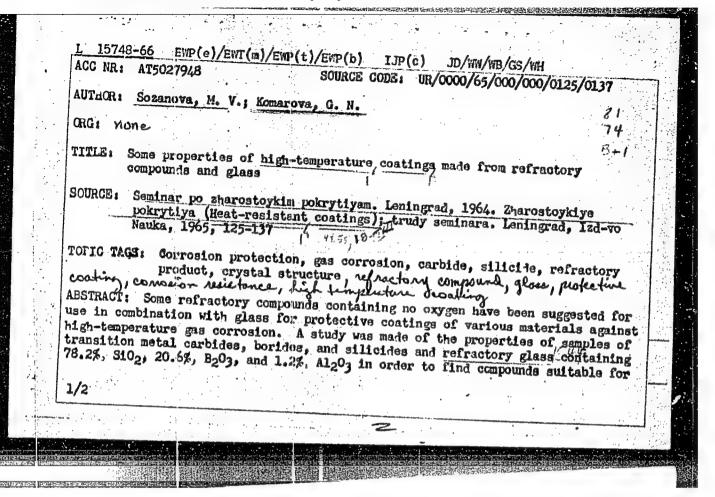
NOVOROSSOVA, L.Ye.; KOMAROVA, G.N.

Soluble tin in cres of the Dzhalinda deposit and solubility of cassiterite in acids. Geol.rud.mestorozh. no.1:122-125
Ja-F '62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mineralogii i geokhimii AN SSSR. (Tin)

(Cassiterite)





L 15748-66

ACC NR: AT5027948

synthesizing a high-temperature coating on the silicified surface of graphite.

Resistance to oxidation at high temperatures of the samples containing the refractory compounds and glass was controlled by the temperature at the beginning of active oxidation. The samples containing MoSi2 and WSi2 had the highest resistance to oxidation at high temperature. It was impossible to increase (by their inclusion to oxidation at high temperature, and CrB2, which oxidized at a lower temperature glass and TiC, Cr3C2, B<sub>L</sub>C, TiB2, and CrB2, which oxidized at a lower temperature than MoSi2 and WSi2. New crystalline phases of unknown composition were formed by a chemical reaction of the glass with the refractory compounds during hot pressing. The stability of refractory compounds bontaining no oxygen in boiling solutions of M2SO<sub>L</sub>, MCI, and MOO<sub>2</sub> depended in most cases on the chemical stability of the subjected to the action of MOO<sub>3</sub>. Compounds containing MoSi2 and WSi2 were promising for the production of coatings that were resistant both to high temperatures in air and to boiling acid solutions. The glass-metal silicide layers applied to the silicified surface of graphite provided protection against burning for >100 hours at 1400-1500 C or for a short time at 2000 C. Orig. art. has:

7 figures and 4 tables.

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 20Jul65/

NR REF SOV: 009/ OTTER: 001

2/2 mc

KOMAKOJA, G.V.; KOMDRAT'IEVA, I.A.

The effect of simultaneous folding and sediment deposition on the carbonate-forming process: Article 1. Role of tectonic structures in the formation of facies characteristics of carbonates. Isv.AS in SSSR.Ser.geol.21 no.11:39-60 B':56.

1. Institut geologii rudnykh mestoreshdeniy petrografii, mineralegii i geckhimii Akademii mauk SSSR, Moskva.

(Carbonates (Mineralogy)) (Geology, Structural)

Kemprova, G. A.V.

SUBJECT:

USSR/Geology

11-4-3/23

AUTHOR:

Kholodov, V.N., Komarova, G.B. and Kondrat'yeva I.A.

TITLE:

"About the Influence of Consedimental Folding Process on the Formation of Carbonates." (O vliyanii konsedimentatsionnoy skladchatosti na protsess karbonatoobrazovaniya) Article 2. "Interrelation of Dolomitization and the Development of Anticlinal Structures". (Svyaz' dolomitoobrazovaniya s raz-

witiyem antiklinal nykh struktur).

PERIODICAL: "Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR", Seriya Geologicheskaya, 1957, 22 # 4, pp 33-42, (USSR).

ABSTRACT:

In this article are published the results of the second part of a study dealing with the application of a structural facies analysis at the lithological research of carboniferous Paleogene deposits at Fergana. The spatial sequence of the diagnetic dolomitization from the preceding stages is hereby established. Studies of carboniferous rocks of the 1, horizon of the Alay layer at the Paleogene strata showed that at the first stage of rock forming consedimental folding strongly affected the chemical composition and the structural properties of sediments. Changes of the composition and the structure of sediments are

Card 1/6

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TITLE:

"About the Influence of Consedimental Folding Process on the Formation of Carbonates." (O vliyanii konsedimentatsionnoy skladchatosti na protsess karbonatoobraz ovaniya) Article 2. "Interrelation of Dolomitization and the Development of Anticlinal Structures", (Svyaz' dolomitoobrazovaniya s razvitiyem antiklinal'nykh struktur).

identified by a complicated joining process of fold formation and by hydrodynamics. The ever present tendency to smooth elevations on the bottom create more or less distinct differences on various sections of the same stratum with a subsequent forming of certain facies. In due course, the phase of accumulation of carboniferous sediments on the bottom of the basin is not within the realm of influence of consedimental tectonics. Due to set sequences, several diagenetic and epigenetic changes occur within the boundaries of the facies plane, for which the conditions have already been prepared during the preceding phase. Dolomitization is such a follow-up process which will be exemined in the following studies. The existing relation between the profile of the bottom of the Alay basin and the distribution of average contents of CaMg(COz)2 was stated in the preceding article. It was noted that the constituent parts of the dolomites combined well with the components

Card 2/6

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11-4-3/23

TITLE:

"About the Influence of Consedimental Folding Process on the Formation of Carbonates." (O vliyanii konsedimentatsionnoy sklad-chatosti na protsess karbonatoobrazovaniya) Article 2. "Interrelation of Dolomitization and the Development of Anticlinal Structures". (Svyaz' dolomitoobrazovaniya s razvitiyem antiklinal!nykh struktur).

research has shown that a gradual transition exists between pure limestones and pure dolomites due to a wide range of intermediate varieties. Limestone-dolomite rocks are being classified in 4 basic groups, which are subdivided into 8 groups according to their structure. The formation of dolomites a poly-stage process - can be subdivided into 3 stages: 1) Precipitation of magnesium salts from the sea. 2) Redistribution of sediments on the bottom of the basin influenced by tectonic features in conjunction with hydrodynamic processes. 3) Dolomitization - chronological coincidence of diagnetic and early epigenetic processes. - No unanimity exists in the geologic literature as to the factors regulating dolomitization. The majority of geologists attach a decisive influence to the disintegration of organic substances at the secondary formation or dolomites. V.B. Tatarskiy, who had studied carboniferous rocks in Central Asia, claimed that calcite was formed when

Card 4/6

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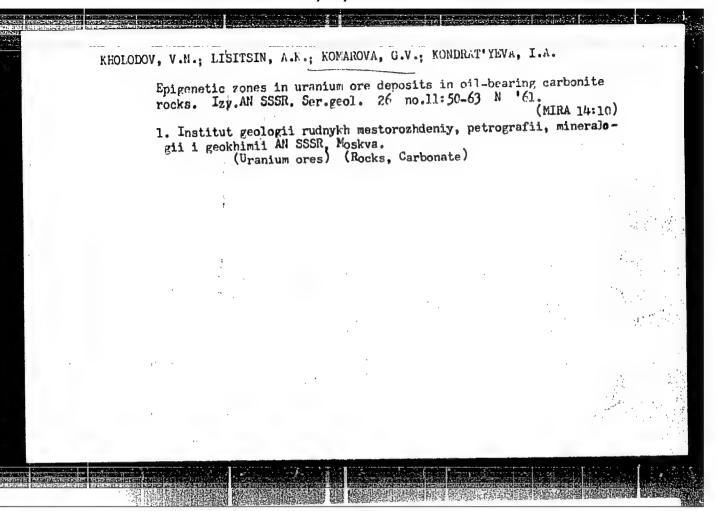
TITLE:

"About the Influence of Consedimental Folding Process on the Formation of Carbonates." (O vliyanii konsedimentatsionnoy sklad-chatosti na protsess karbonatoobrazovaniya) Article 2. "Interrelation of Dolomitization and the Development of Anticlinal Structures". (Svyaz' dolomitoobrazovaniya s razvitiyem antiklinal'nykh struktur).

organic matter was available in small quantities, and dolomite, when organic substances were present in large quantities. While the process of dolomitization depends on the basic concentration of magnesium salts, the distribution in the basin is governed by the anticlinal structure, therefore the diagenetic and even the epigenetic forming of dolomites is interconnected with consedimental folding, and evidencing a certain regularity of this process. Embedded dolomites can be subdivided in 3 groups, closely related with each other genetically: 1) Interpersed dolomites in limestones: 2) Lenses in calcareous dolomites. 3) Layers of calcareous dolomites and dolomites.

The main object of these studies was to show that consedimental folding affected the chemical composition and the structural properties considerably during the process of sedimentation. The article contains 1 chart, 1 table, 1 diagram and 5 photographs.

Card 5/6



BATULIN, S.G.; GOLOVIN, Ye.A.; ZELEMOVA, O.I.; KASHIRTSEVA, M.F.;
KOMAROVA, G.V.; KONDRAT'YEVA, I.A.; LISITSIN, A.K.;
FEREL'MAN, A.I., doktor geol.-miner. nauk; SIDEL'NIKOVA, V.D.;
CHERNIKOV, A.A.; SHMARIOVICH, Ye.M.; MURADOVA, A.A., red.

[Exogenetic epigene uranium deposits; conditions governing their formation] Exzogenmye epigeneticheskie mestorozhdeniia urana; usloviia obrazovaniia. [By] S.G.Batulin i dr. Moskva,
Atomizdat, 1965. 323 p. (MIRA 18:5)

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	IJP(c) WYH/ES/JD/WW/JG AH5014982 BOOK EXPLOITATION UR/553.061:546.79 34
	Batulin, S. G.; Golovín, YE. A.; Zelenova, O. I.; Kashirtseva, M. F.;
- 1	Komarova, G. V.; Koudrat yeva, I. A.; Lisitsin, A. K.; Perel man, A. I.; Sindel nikova, V. D.; Chernikov, A. A.; Shmariovich, YE. H.
	Exogenous epigenetic deposits of uranium; formation conditions (Ekzonennyye epigeneticheskiye mestorozhdeniya urana; usloviya obrazovaniya). Moscow, Atomizdat, 1965. 321 p. illus., biblio. Errata slip inserted. 1100 copies printed.  TOPIC TAGS: deposit formation, epigenetic theory, exodisgenetic deposit, surface uranium accumulation, uranium bituminous deposit, uranium deposit, uranium, nuclear fuel. // PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book is intended for readers specializing in the geology of ore deposits, in particular for those concerned with atomic raw materials, and also for students of higher-educa-
	tion institutions. In the book, for the first time in Soviet and foreign literatures, the epigenetic theory of uranium-denosit
	formation is axpounded. Hany Soviet and foreign source materials  Cord 1/4

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ab	out 12 pages of reference	es of which about 3/4 are Soviet.
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	Ch. IX. Deposits of oxyg		Type 7). Deposi	s in
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	Ch. X. Uranium-bituminu	s deposits in nonme	tamorphosed sedi	nentary
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	oxidation in epigenetic	deposits 23	9
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KOMAROVA, G.Ye.; LENSKAYA, V.N.

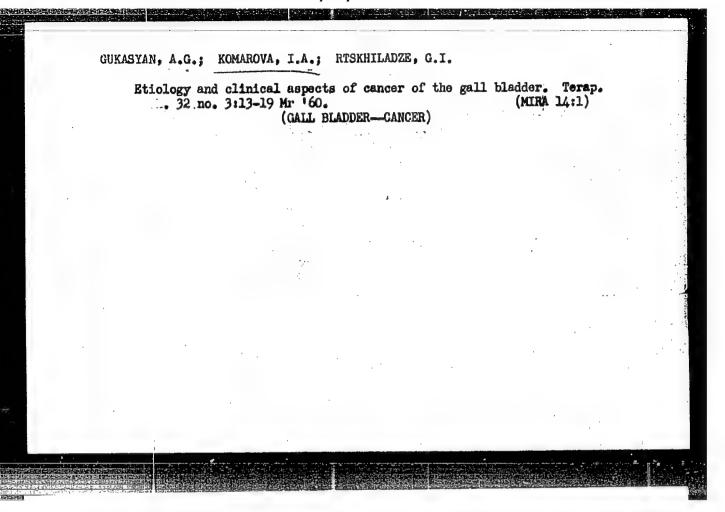
Polarographic study of alizarin S. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.;
khim. i khim. tekh. 8 no.1s69-74 '65. (MIRA 18:6)

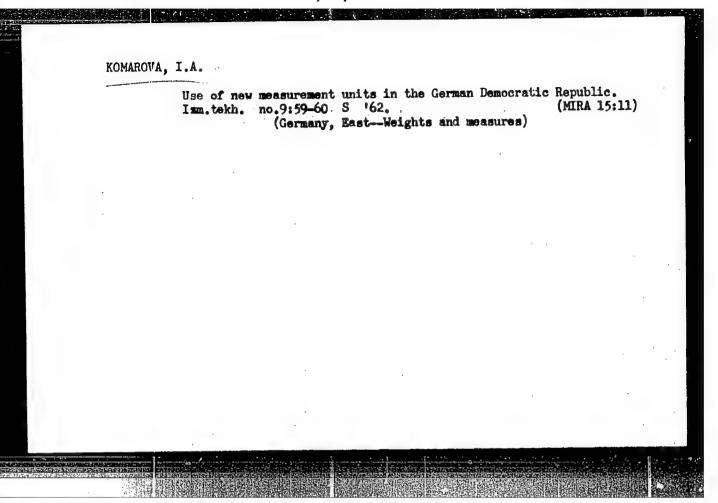
1. Saratovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitat imeni Chernyshavskogo kafedra analitioheskoy khimii.

KOMARDVA, I.; MOLCHANOV, B. (Murmanskaya oblast'); SHAKHOV, A., shofer (Pestovo, Novgorodskaya oblast'); KUBYSHEV, V. (Kirovskaya oblast')

Readers' letters. Pozh.delo 8 no.4:31 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Starshiy inspektor pozharnov chasti, Kazan' (for Komarova). (Fire prevention)





KCMAROVA, I. N.

"Investigations in the Field of Aldehyds-Benzoic Acids." Sub 21
Jun 51, Moscow Pharmaceutical Inst, Ministry of Public Health USSR.

Dissertations presented for science and engineering degrees in Moscow during 1951.

SO: Sum. No. 480, 9 May 55.

# KOMAROVA, I.N.

Functions of the hypophysial - adrenal system and the use of adrenocorticotropic hormone in patients with tuberculosis of the lungs. Probl. endkok. i gorm. 6 no. 1:88-94 Ja-F '60.

(MIRA 14:1)

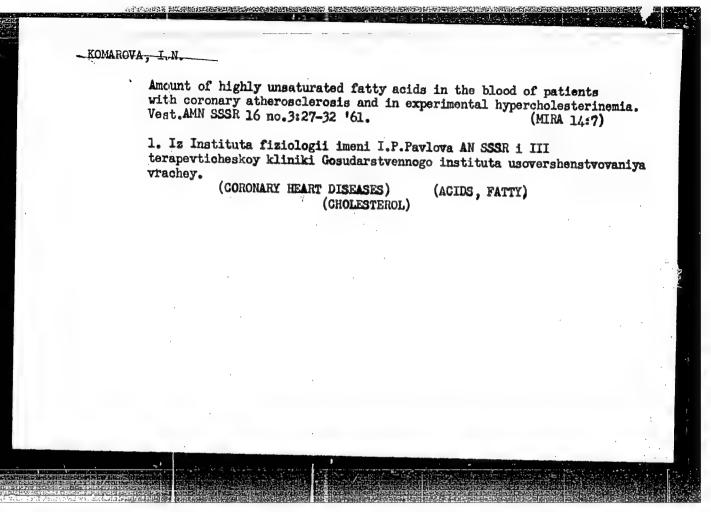
(PITUITARY GLAND) (ADRENAL GLANDS) (TUBERCULOSIS) (ACTH)

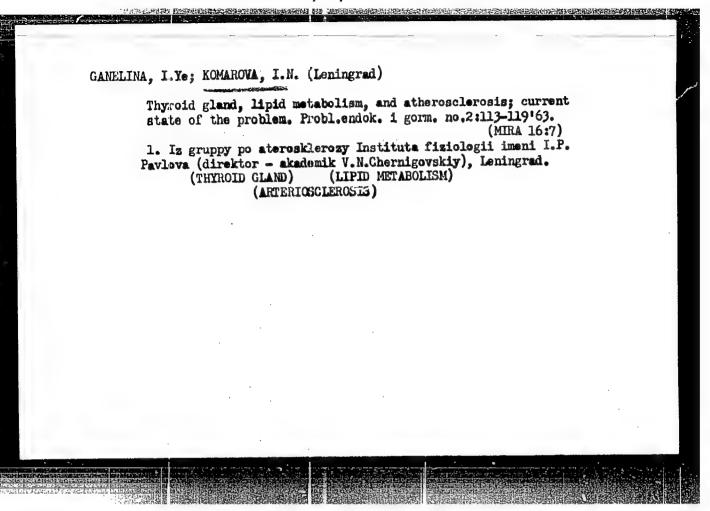
IL'INSKIY, B.V.; BORISOVA, L.I.; KARLOVA, N.P.; KOMAROVA, I.N.; KRIVORUCHENKO, I.V.; PETROVA, N.P.

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Characteristics of the biochemism of the blood in atherosclerosis. Trudy Inst. klin. i eksper. kard. AN Gruz. SSR 8:35-44 '63. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Iz III terapevticheskoy kafedry Gruzinskogo instituta dlya usovershenstvovaniya vrachey i gruppy po aterosklerozu Instituta fiziologii imeni Pavlova AN SSSR, Leningrad.





# GANKLINA, I.Ye.; KCMAROVA, I.N.; KRAYEVSKIY, Ia.M. (Leningrad)

Function of the thyroid gland in relation to the state of lipid metabolism in the diencephalic syndrome. Klin.med. no.9:129-136 (MIRA 15:12) \*62.

TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

1. Is sektore nervnykh bolesney (sav. - prof. N.A. Kryshova)
Instituta fiziologii imeni I.P. Pavlova (dir. - akad. V.N.
Chernigovskiy) AN SSSR i 3-y terapevticheskoy kliniki (zav. prof. B.V. Il'inskiy) Gosudarstvennogo instituta dlya usovershenstvovaniya vrachey.
(THYROID GEAND) (LIPID METABOLISM) (DIENCEPHALOM—DISEASES)

# KOMAROVA, I. N. (Loningrad)

Content of icdine bound with blood proteins in patients with atherosclerosis. Terap. arkh. 34 no.4546-53 162. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Iz gruppy po aterosklerozu (rukovoditel? - doktor meditsinskikh nauk I. Ye. Ganelina) Instituta fiziologii imeni I. P. Pavlova (dir. - akad. V. N. Chernigovskiy) i 3-y terapevticheskoy kliniki (av. - prof. B. V. Illinskiy) Gosudarstvennogo instituta dlya usovershenstvovaniya vrachey imeni S. M. Kirova.

(ARTERIOSCLEROSIS) (IODINE IN THE BODY)
(BLOOD PROTEINS)

GANELINA, Frina Tefimovna; KOMAROVA, Irina Nikolayevna;
KRIVORUCHENKC, Irima Vyacheslavovna; LITOVITSKIY,
Boris Markovich

[Lipid metabolism and atherosclerosis; problems of lipid
metabolism regulation and the pethogenesis of atherosclerosis] Obmen lipidov i ateroskleros; voprosy reguliatsii obmena lipidov i patogeneza ateroskleroza. Moskva, Nauka, 1965. 253 p. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut fiziologii.

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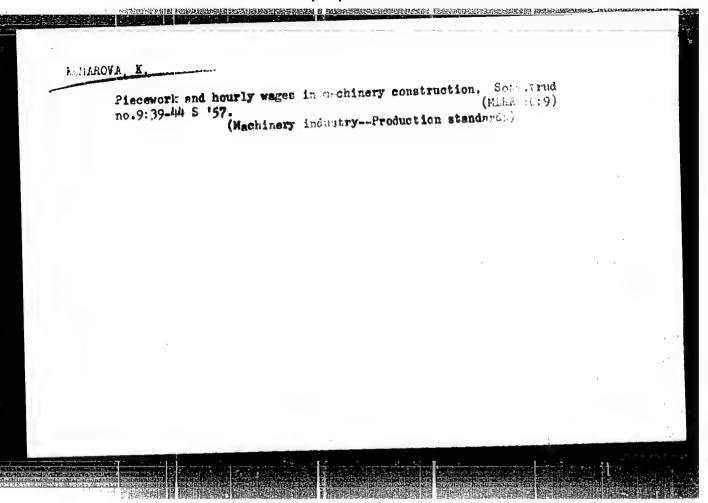
AKHMEROV, A.Kh., kand.biol.nauk; BATENKO, A.I., kand.sel'skokhoz.nauk;
BRUDASTOVA, M.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; GOLCVIHSKAYA, K.A., kand.biolog.
nauk; GORDON, L.M., kand.ekon.nauk; DOROKHOV, S.M., rybovod-biolog;
YEROKHINA, L.V., rybovod-biolog; IL'IN, V.M., rybovod-biolog;
ISAYEV, A.I., rybovod-biolog; KADZEVICE, G.V., rybovod-biolog;
KOMAROVA, I.V., kand.biol.nauk; KRIMOVA, R.V., rybovod-biolog;
KULAKOVA, A.M., rybovod-biolog; MAMONTOVA, L.N., kand.biol.nauk;
MIYSNER, Ye.V., kand.biol.nauk; MIKHEYEV, P.V., kand.biol.nauk;
MUKHINA, R.I., kand.biol.nauk; PAKHOMOV, S.P., kand.biol.nauk;
SUKHOVERKHOV, F.M., kand.biol.nauk; SOEOLOVA, Z.P., rybovod-biolog; TSIUNCHIK, R.I., rybovod-biolog; RYZHENKO, M.I., red.; KOSOVA,
O.N., red.; SOKOLOVA, L.A., tekhn.red.

[Handbook on pond fish culture] Spravochnik po prudovomi rybovodstvu.
Rad.kollegiia: A.I.Issev i dr. Moskva, Pishchepromizdat, 1959. 374 p.
(MIRA 13:4)

1. Moscow. Vserossiyakiy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut prudovogo rybnogo khosyaystva. (Fish culture)

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000824110007-8



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824110007-8"

KOMAROVA, K.K.

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mckhanika, 1957, Nr 2, p 106 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Derevshchikova, N. A., Komarova, K. K.

TITLE:

Experimental Study of the Deflections of a Circular Plate Under. a Central Load (Eksperimental noye izucheniye progibov krugloy plity pri tsentral'nom zagruzhenii)

PERIODICAL: Sb. nauch. stud. rabot Mosk. in-t inzh. -vod. kh-va, 1956,

ABSTRACT:

Bibliographic entry

1. Sheets--Deflection 2. Sheets--Load distribution

Card 1/1

AZHOTKIN, G.I., red.; BESEDINA, O.S., red.; GIL', B.V., red.;

DULEYEV, Ye.M., red.; IVANTSOV, O.M., red.; KOGAN, G.Ye.,

red.[deceased]; KUZNETSOV, P.L., red.; LEVIN, F.D., red.;

SLANSKIY, D.A., red.; TELKOV, I.K., red.; KOMAROVA, L.,

ved. red.; KHRYASTOV, Yu., ved. red.

[Contribution of young specialists to the gas industry] Vklad molodykh spetsialistov v gazovuiu promyshlennost'. Moskva, 1964. 459 p. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Russia (1923- U.S.S.R.) Gosudarstvennyy proizvodstvennyy komitet po gazovoy promyshlennosti.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000824110007-8

Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika, 1957, Nr 3, p. 190 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Skormin, A.L., Komarova, L.A.

TITLE: Bar Heat Regulator with Interrupting Rating of up to

5 a (Sterzhnevoy termoregulyator na razryvnoy tok do 5 a)

[Proposed by A.N. Kotikhin and I.S. Chelushkin]

PERIODICAL: Obmen opytom. M-vo radiotekhn. prom-sti SSSR, 1955.

Nr 1, pp. 8-10

ABSTRACT: The authors propose a dilatometric heat regulator

designed for the automatic control of the heating temperature of press molds and drying chambers in the limits of 50-250°. The measuring unit consists of an aluminum tube and a steel rod. At the lowest permissible temperature, the rod, actuated by a lever and springs.

presses the button of a microswitch. G.N.F.

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Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika, 1957, Nr 3, p. 157 (USSR)

**AUTHORS:** 

Skormin, A. L., Komarova, L. A.

TITLE:

Potentiometer with a Device for Correcting Errors of Scale Readings (Potentsiometr s ustroystvom dlya korrektirovki pogreshnosti pokazaniy otschetnoy shkaly)

PERIODICAL:

Obmen opytom. M-vo radiotekhn. prom-sti SSSR, 1955,

Nr 8-9, pp. 64-65

ABSTRACT:

The construction of a simple device for a potentiometer with a scale is briefly described; the potentiometer is used in measuring instruments of the YM-1 and YM-2 type. The device permits rapid and accurate correction of the scale indication without the necessity of rewinding the potentiometer or of manufacturing and calibrating a new scale. It consists of a thin spring disc, which is attached to the potentiometer frame by means of eight adjusting screws, and of a swinging lever, which is rigidly attached to a plate mounted on the potentiometer pin. The lever slides along the spring disc. If all the screws are set for the same adjustment, the disc is

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Potentiometer with a Device for Correcting Errors (Cont.)

flat. When the screws are not set at the same adjustment, the disc is not flat. As the potentiometer shaft is rotated, the lever slides along the disc; if the disc is not flat, the angular position of the lever (and plate) causes the potentiometer slide to be displaced, in this manner introducing a positive or negative correction into the meter reading. Thus, the magnitude and sign of the correction of the meter indication are regulated by adjustment of the screws.

E.I.K.

ASSOCIATION: Ministry of the Radio Industry of the USSR (M-voradiotekhn. prom-sti SSSR)

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77754 SOV/75-15-1-16/29

**AUTHORS:** 

Yeskevich, V. F., Komarova, L. A.

TITLE:

Determination of Uranium by Amperometric Titration

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal analiticheskoy khimii, 1960, Vol 15, Nr 1,

pp 84-87 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Direct amperometric titration of uranium with ammonium vanadate using a platinum microelectrode was studied. Polarograph "Gintsvetmet" with a mirror galvanometer was used. Indicating platinum microelectrode (15 mm long and 0.5 mm in diameter) and bismuth reference electrode (see Fig. 1) were used. The titration was made without application of the external potential. The investigated samples were prepared as described in Paley, P. N., Investigations in the Field of Geology, Chemistry, and Metallurgy, Published by Academy of Sciences USSR, 1955, p 21. The results are shown in

Tables 1 and 2. Card 1/6

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Determination of Uranium by Amperometric .Titration

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It was found that uranium (up to 1 - /ml) can be determined by the proposed method with an accuracy of 2-3 %. There are 3 figures; 2 tables; and 7 references, 2 U.S., 1 U.K. 4 Soviet, The U.S. and U.K. references are: Kolthoff, I., Jonson, H., J. Electrochem. Soc., 55, 138 (1951); Kolthoff, I., Kohn, J., I d. Eng. Chem. Anal. Ed. 14, 412 (1942); Kolthoff, I., L, ngane, J., Polarography, London, 1952.

SUBMITTED:

August 19, 1958

Determination of Uranium by Amperometric Titration

77754 SOV/75-15-1-16/29

Fig. 1. Bismuth reference electrode. (1) Bi (metal) rod; (2) test tube with porous bottom filled with 12N H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>; (3) contact for connection to line.



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Determination of Uranium by Amperometric Titration

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Table 1. Comparative titration of uranium after phosphate precipitation

(a) (	(b)	(c)		41		(i)		6221	
		(d).	(e)	(9)	chi	41	R.	(n)	0
0,001	0,2	1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50 1,50	2,00 2,10 2,05 2,10 2,00	0,179 0,179 0,179 0,179 0,179	0,238 0,250 0,244 0,250 0,238	-0.021 -0.021 -0.021 -0.021 -0.021	+0,050	-10,5 -10,5 -10,5 -10,5 -10,5	+25 +22 +25
0,001	0,1	0,78 0,76 0,76 0,77 0,78	1,05 1,05 1,05 1,05	0,093 0,091 0,091 0,092 0,093	0,125 0,125 0,125 0,125 0,125 0,125	-0,021 -0,007 -0,009 -0,009 -0,008 -0,007	+0,044   +0,025   +0,025   +0,025   +0,025	-10,5 -7 -0 -9 -8 -7	+22 +25 +25 +25 +25 +25 +25

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Determination of Uranium by Amperometric Titration

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				(	PI	-0,008	+0,025	-8 +25	•
0,0002 0,025	1,00	1	_	0,0239	=	$\begin{bmatrix} -0.0011 \\ +0.0037 \end{bmatrix}$		-4,4  -  -14,8  -	
	1,15		-	0,0273 0,0239	_	+0,0048		+19,2 -	
1		ı				-0,0011		-4,4  -	-
					pl	+0,0005	_	+ 4.0 -	
),0002 0,0125	$0,54 \\ 0,53$		_	0.0128	_	+0,0003	_	0,0 -	
	0,56			0,0133 0,0133	=	+0,0008 +0,008		+6,4 - +6,4 -	
1 1		1		1	150	! !		10,4	
				4	21 .	+0,0005	-	+4.0 -	
0,0002 0,0062	$0.26 \\ 0.28$			0,0062		0,0000 $+0.0005$	_	$\begin{array}{c c} +0.0 & - \\ +8.0 & - \end{array}$	
	$0.27 \\ 0.27$		_	0,0065 0,0065	=	$\pm 0.0003$		+4,8 -	
.	0,26		_	0,0082		+0.0003 +0.0000	_	+4.8 -	
						ומעום			
				P	1 ,	+0,0002	-	+3,5, -	

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Determination of Uranium by Amperometric Titration

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Key to Table 1.

(a) vandate comcentration; (b) uranium introduced (mg); (c) NH<sub>14</sub>VO<sub>3</sub> used (ml); (d) amperometric; (e) with indicator; (f) uranium found (mg); (g) amperometric, (h) with indicator; (i) absolute error (mg); (j) amperometric; (k) with indicator, (m) relative error (%); (n) amperometric; (o) with indicator; (p) average.

